

Ranking Areas - Variables

Rank levels of geography in an area based on one or more database variables. The ranking provides insight on geographies that are more or less likely to exhibit a certain behaviour when compared to the base count (total population or households in the geography).



Ranking Areas - Standard Geographies | Variable



Variable: Household Population 15 Years or Over by Occupation - Occupations In Health

Geographic Level: CMACA

The **Variable** that the report is ranked against is at the top of the report.

The **Geographic Level** is also found at the top of the report, indicating the level of standard geography of the areas listed in the report.

Name	Code	Count	%	Base Count	Base %	% Pen	Index
Toronto, ON	535	207,339	30.21	5,503,395	34.06	3.77	89
Moderate MIZ / ZIM modérée	997	77,792	11.34	1,938,782	12.00	4.01	94
Strong MIZ / ZIM forte	996	73,192	10.66	1,717,883	10.63	4.26	100
Ottawa - Gatineau, ON/QC	505	54,432	7.93	1,186,602	7.34	4.59	108
Weak MIZ / ZIM faible	998	46,838	6.82	1,067,834	6.61	4.39	103
Hamilton, ON	537	37,181	5.42	665,151	4.12	5.59	132

In the example, **5.42%** of the estimated proportion of the household population 15+ in Hamilton work in Health Occupations. With an Index value of **132**, the household population 15+ in Hamilton are **32%** more likely to work in Health Occupations when compared to the Benchmark of Ontario.

Index Colours:	<80	80 - 110	110+
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Benchmark: Ontario

The trade area selected in the report. Represents the geographic extent or universe for the geographic level selected.

Code: Refers to the numeric code assigned to Standard Geographic Areas by Statistics Canada. The smaller the number, the larger the Area. For example, Canada's code is 1. Quebec's code is 24. Montréal Census Metropolitan Area's code is 462. Montréal Census Subdivision's code is 2466023.

Count: The number of people or households in the listed geography who exhibit that behavior.

%: The proportion of the total population or households in the Trade Area that exhibit that behavior for each listed geography.

Base Count: The count of total population, total households or other base who live in the chosen geography. The variable or database selected for ranking determines the Base Count variable.

Base %: $((\text{Base Count} / \text{Base Total Count}) * 100)$ The percentage of total population, total households or other base in the benchmark found in that component geography.

% Pen: The proportion of the total number of people or households in the individual geography who exhibits the behaviour.

Index: Measures if the households in the geography are more or less likely to exhibit a behavior when compared to the total population or households in the same geography. An Index of 100 is average. Indices above 100 are above average or over-represented. Indices below 100 are below average or under-represented.